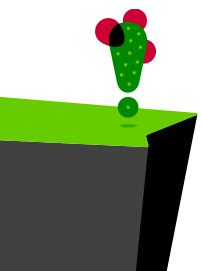
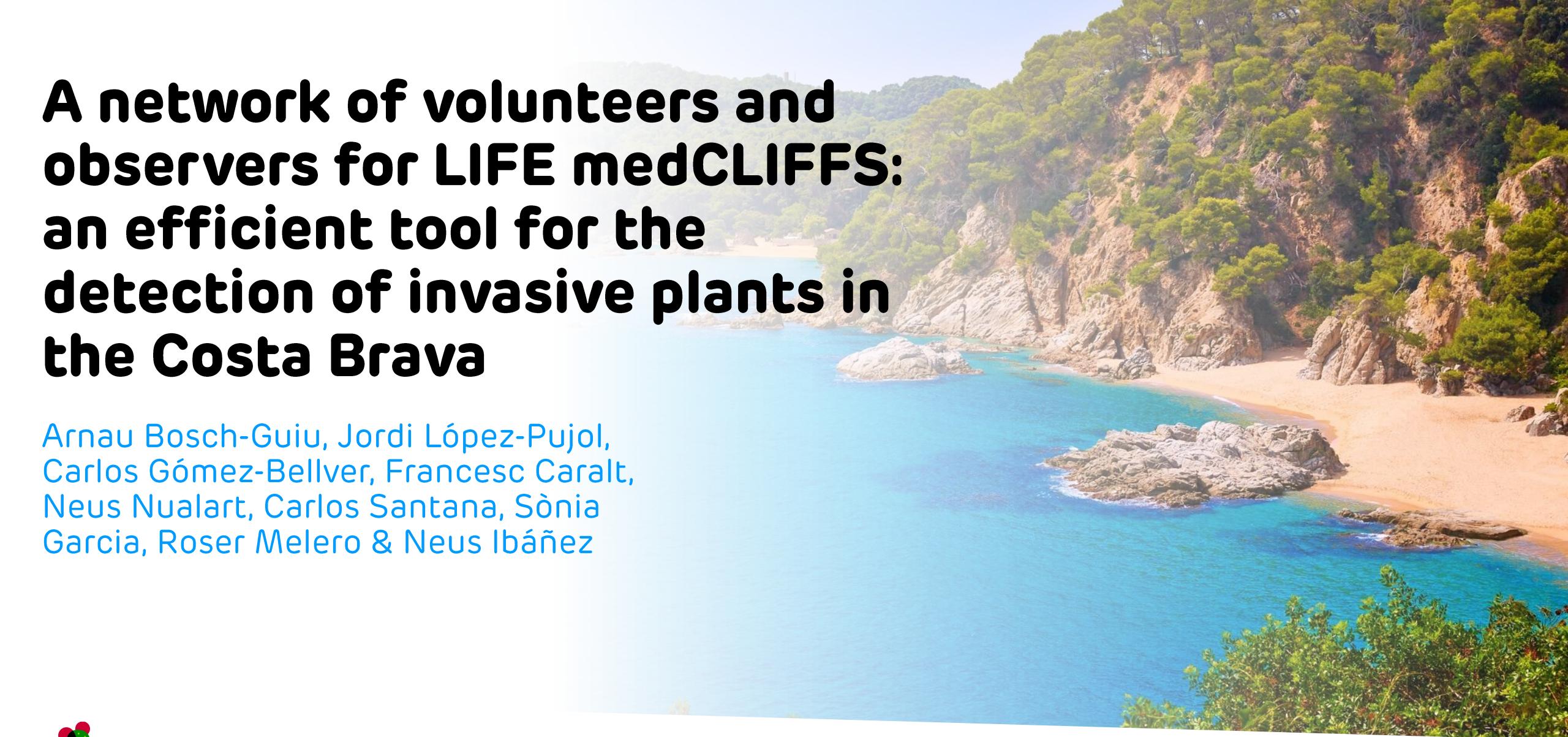


A network of volunteers and observers for LIFE medCLIFFS: an efficient tool for the detection of invasive plants in the Costa Brava

Arnau Bosch-Guiu, Jordi López-Pujol,
Carlos Gómez-Bellver, Francesc Caralt,
Neus Nualart, Carlos Santana, Sònia
Garcia, Roser Melero & Neus Ibáñez



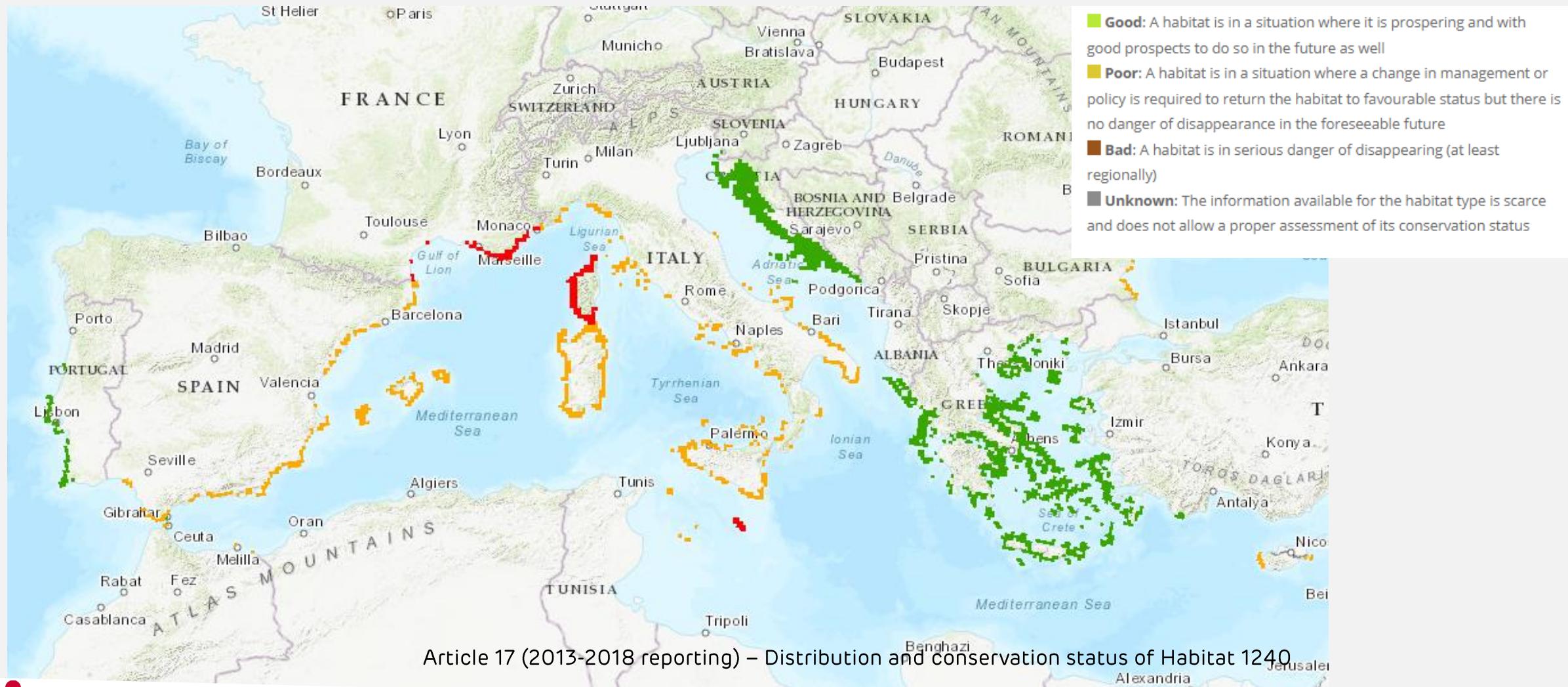
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The main goal of LIFE medCLIFFS is to improve the current management of invasive alien plant species in the habitat of community interest HCI1240



HIC 1240 Vegetated sea cliffs of the Mediterranean coasts with endemic *Limonium* spp.

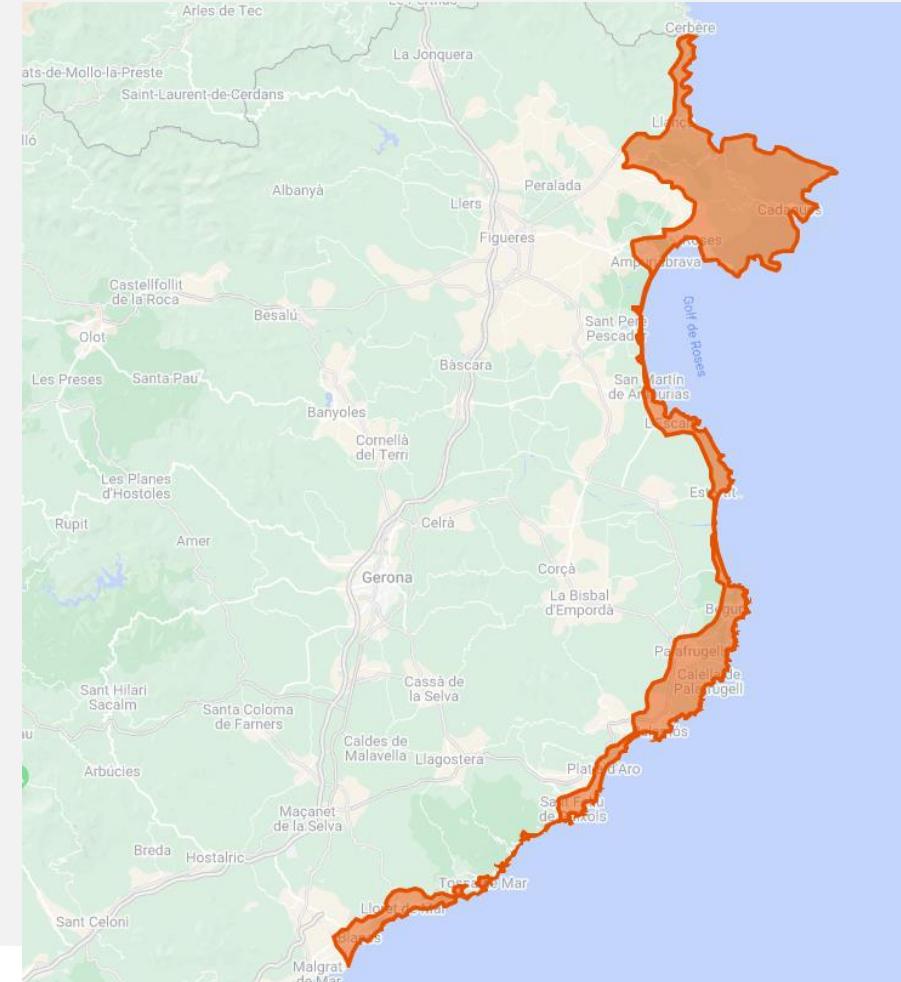


Specifically, we work on the Costa Brava where this habitat occupies half of the area that it occupies in the whole of Spain



HIC 1240

Spain 1266 ha
Costa Brava 608 ha
Cap de Creus 303 ha



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This project takes advantage of **citizen science** with a double objective

1. To early detect invasive plants and improve knowledge of their populations
2. To raise citizen awareness of the problems they cause

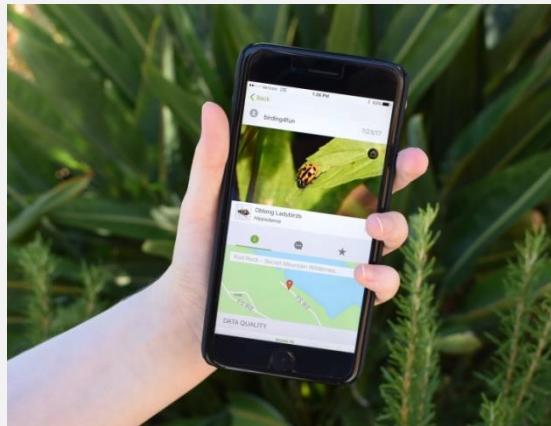


Two [participatory networks](#) have been developed through the iNaturalist application

iNaturalist



CALIFORNIA
ACADEMY OF
SCIENCES



Quant a

Membres 84

Saber on creixen les espècies de plantes al·lòctones invasores és clau per conservar la flora autòtona dels penya-segats de la Costa Brava, bressol d'endemismes únics al món. Ens hi ajudes?

LIFE medCLIFFS vol millorar la gestió actual de plantes al·lòctones invasores que amenaçen la flora autòtona.

Liegli-ne més > La vostra Afiliació

Modifiqueu el projecte Diari del Projecte

LIFE medCLIFFS - Xarxa d'Observadors



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4th Mediterranean Plant
Conservation Week

VALÈNCIA | 23-27 OCTOBER | 2023

iNaturalist is a **mobile application** that permits to record the presence of species at a specific time and place simply through a photograph taken by a mobile phone.

Who you are

You'll need to make an **iNaturalist account** and please only post your own personal observations



Where you saw it

Record both the coordinates of the encounter as well as their accuracy. You can obscure the location from the public



What you saw

Choose a group of organisms like **butterflies** or better yet a specific organism like the **Monarch butterfly**. If you provide evidence you can leave this blank and the **community can help**



When you saw it

Record the date of your encounter, not the date you post it to iNaturalist



Evidence of what you saw

By including evidence like a **photo or sound**, the community can help add, improve, or confirm the identification of the organism you encountered. Help the community by taking clear well framed photos, by including multiple photos from different angles



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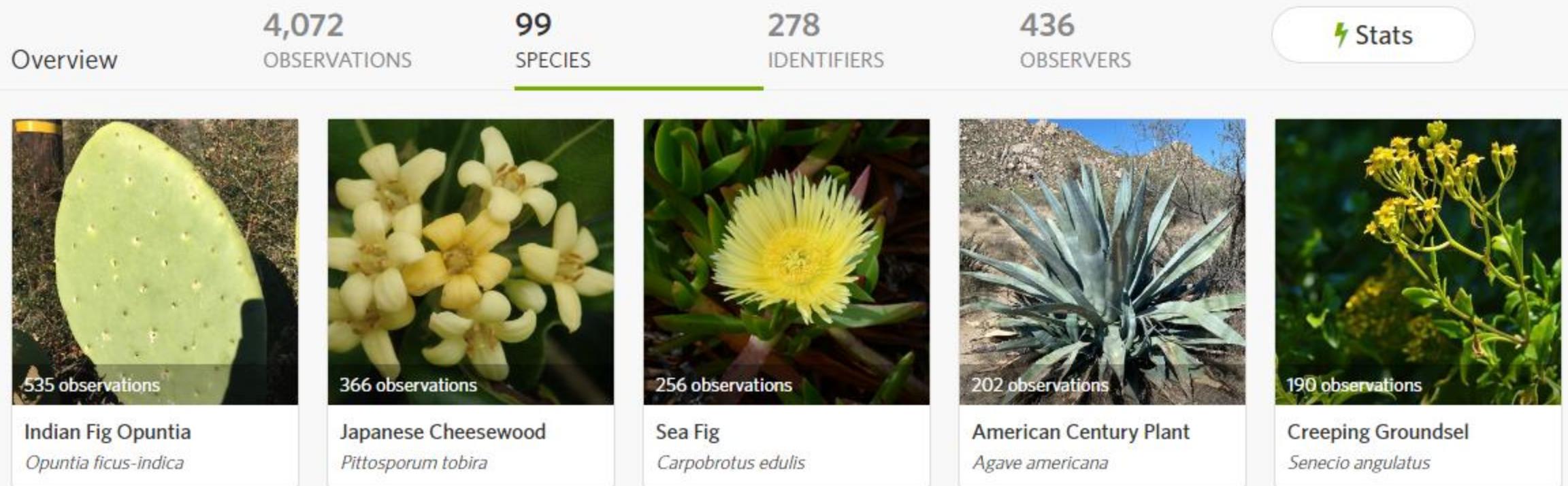
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The [observers' network](#) of LIFE medCLIFFS allows the public to collect data on 180 alien species



The **volunteers' network** permits to detect and monitor the populations of 33 selected invasive or potentially invasive plant species



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This network needs a higher degree of commitment from the participants due they **adopt a transect** of approximately 1 km long that have been designed by our team in the Costa Brava

MAPA DELS TRANSECTS. LIFE medCLIFFS

| Treball de camp | Tots els transects | **Mapa** | T. disponibles | T. assignats |

Junts, fem el catàleg! Ciència ciutadana a Flora Catalana

LIFE med CLIFFS

Transects LIFE MedCliff
Informatiu Flora Catalana
Este mapa se ha hecho con Google My Maps. Crea tu mapa

104 available transects

Flora Catalana
Catàleg de Flora

EL CATÀLEG + BRIÓFITS + PLANTES VASCULARS + EINES + C. CIUTADANA + INTERN +

ADOPTA UN TRANSECTE. LIFE medCLIFFS

| Treball de camp | **Mapa** | Tots els transects | T. disponibles | T. assignats |

Junts, fem el catàleg! Ciència ciutadana a Flora Catalana

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Codi de transecte: C03
Nom: Transecte zona centre, número 3
Disponibilitat: ASSIGNAT
Dificultat: MITJA
Fitxer KML: [C_03_0.kml](#)

COORDENADES

Lat. NE: 41.830700 Long. NE: 3.083390
Lat. SO: 41.826400 Long. SO: 3.086650

Observacions del transecte

Desnivell

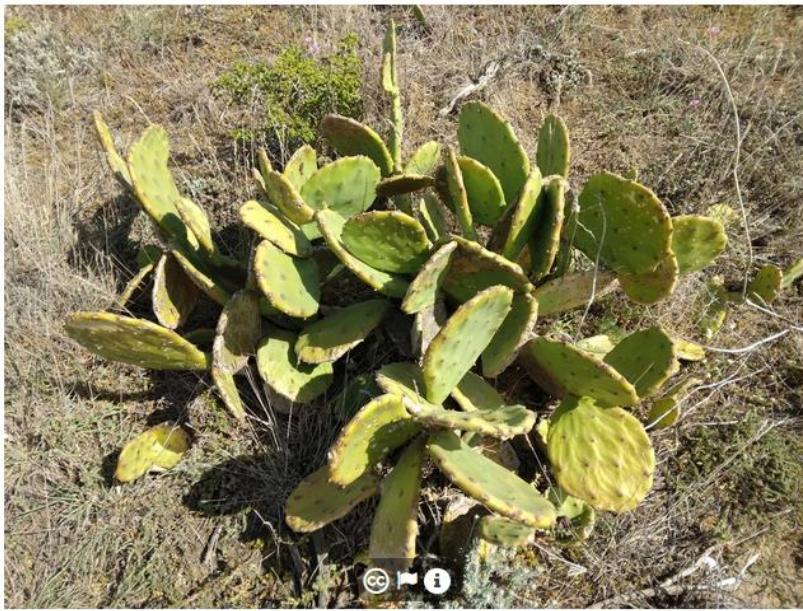
Mapa del transecte

C3.-Transecte LIFE MedCLIFFs
Informatiu Flora Catalana
Este mapa se ha hecho con Google My Maps. Crea tu mapa

Volunteers must conduct the monitoring of their assigned transects **once a year** and record data about each population: its phenological status, the area occupied and the number of individuals

Opuntia stricta (Shell Mound Pricklypear) ! Research Grade

Follow ▾



camigo 49 observations

Observed: Apr 30, 2023 · 4:24 PM CEST Submitted: Apr 30, 2023 · 4:25 PM CEST

Map Satellite

Google Maps Keyboard shortcuts Map Data 100 m Terms of Use Report a map error

Puerto de la Selva, 17489, Girona, Spain Show Details

Be the first to fave this observation!

✓ Observation Fields (10)

Codi del transsecte:

N38

Presència d'adults reproductors:

no

Presència d'adults senescents o morts:

no

Presència d'adults vegetatius:

si

Presència de Dactylopius opuntiae:

no

Presència de plàntules/juvenils:

si

Validació:

si

Àrea (m²):

més de 20 m²



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Volunteers are **specifically trained for species recognition and data collection** by:

- Specific courses
- Dichotomous keys
- Complete descriptive cards of the 33 species
- Protocol for monitoring
- One-day trips to teach how to monitor



 **Flora Catalana**
Viu, gaudex i aprèn amb la nostra flora

L'ASSOCIACIÓ + EINES + MILFULLES + CONEIXEMENT

13.2022.-Curs d'identificació i seguiment de plantes potencialment invasores

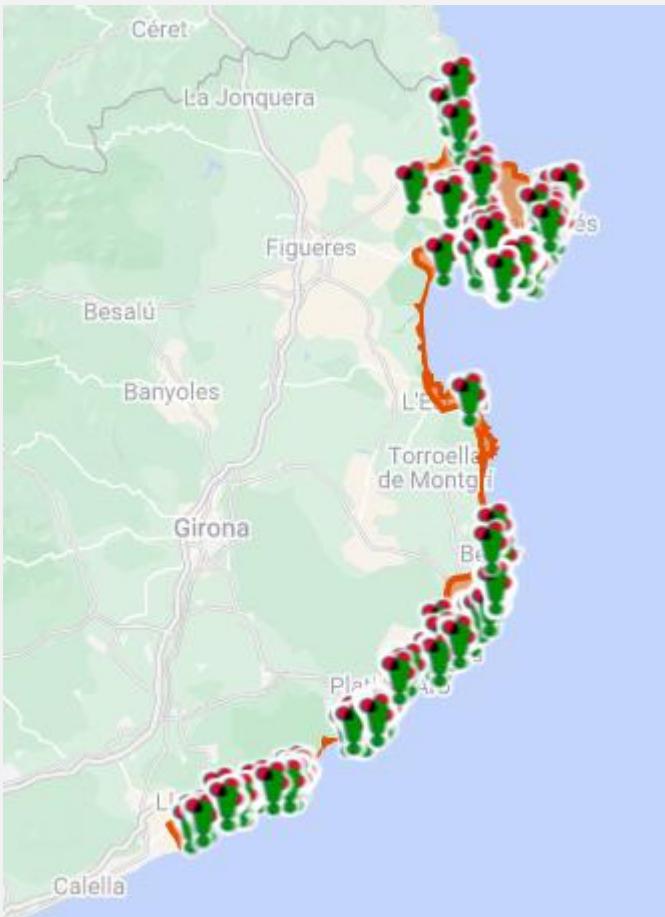
Codi del Curs (referència per a la inscripció): 13.2022
Interacció: EN DIRECTE
Títol del curs: Curs d'identificació i seguiment de plantes potencialment invasores
Estat del curs: Tançat
Personal docent: Carlos Gómez Bellver



Since April 2022, 89 volunteers have been recruited to monitor 84 transects (81% of all transects), of them, 50 volunteers have already started to monitoring their transect.

Totals	Most Observations	Most Species	Most Observed Species
1306 Observations »	 javiermarfu 136 observations	 javiermarfu 20 species	 Indian Fig Opuntia 223 observations
29 Species »	 gemma_pasc_fabrellas 94 observations	 merceful 14 species	 Japanese Cheesewood 198 observations
50 People »	 serravall 70 observations	 gemma_pasc_fabrellas 14 species	 Sea Fig 92 observations
	 piligrau 62 observations	 nuria93 12 species	 Climbing Saltbush 81 observations
	 merceful 55 observations	 serravall 12 species	 American Century Plant 77 observations

How can we use the **data collected** by observer's and volunteers' networks?



	Observer's network	Volunteers network
Observations	4072	1306
Species	99	29

✓ Observation Fields (10)

Codi del transsecte:

N38

Presència d'adults reproductors:

no

Presència d'adults senescents o morts:

no

Presència d'adults vegetatius:

si

Presència de Dactylopius opuntiae:

no

Presència de plàntules/juvenils:

si

Validació:

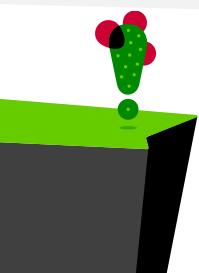
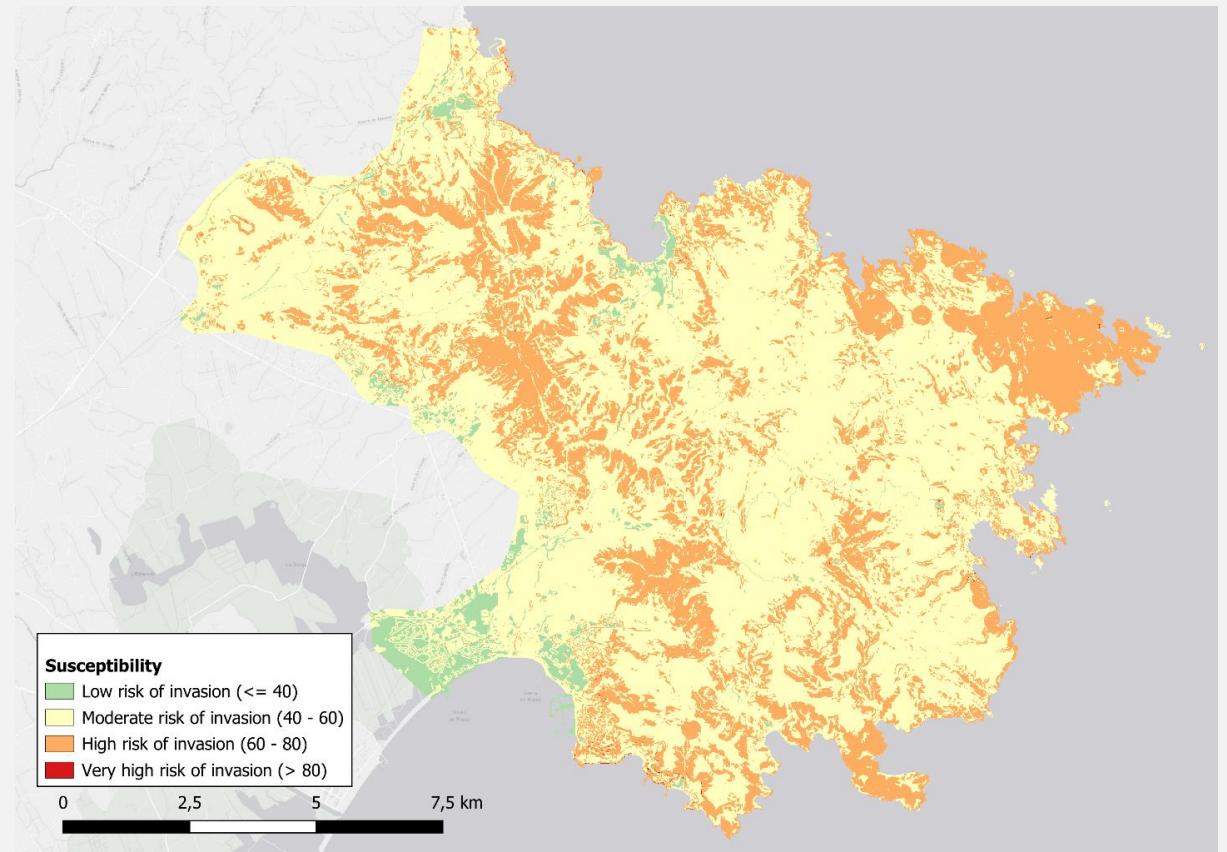
si

Àrea (m²):

més de 20 m²

Chorological data of observers & abundance and phenological data of volunteers

Can be used to improve risk map modeling



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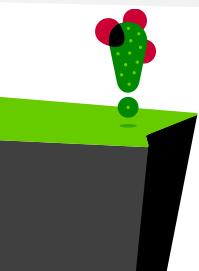
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Conservation Week

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Phenological data of volunteers can be used to detect the most problematic species and sectors by dividing the transects into three categories for each species

- Positive dynamic transects: with juvenile but not senescent individuals
- Negative dynamic transects: with senescent but not juvenile individuals
- Static transects: without juvenile nor senescent or with both stages.

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	cod	observaciones/especies	juvenil	vegetativo	reproductivo	senescente
2	C01	<i>Ailanthus altissima</i>	1	1	0	0
3	C01	<i>Dimorphotheca ecklonis</i>	0	0	1	0
4	C01	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>	0	1	0	0
5	C01	<i>Kalanchoe × houghtonii</i>	1	1	1	0
6	C01	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>	0	1	0	0
7	C01	<i>Mesembryanthemum cordifolium</i>	0	1	1	0
8	C01	<i>Kalanchoe × houghtonii</i>	1	1	0	0
9	C01	<i>Mesembryanthemum cordifolium</i>	0	0	1	0
10	C01	<i>Kalanchoe × houghtonii</i>	0	0	1	0
11	C01	<i>Mesembryanthemum cordifolium</i>	0	1	1	0
12	C01	<i>Lonicera japonica</i>	0	1	1	0
13	C01	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>	0	0	1	0



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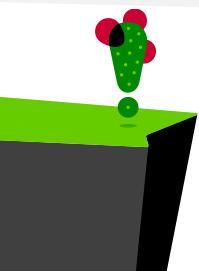
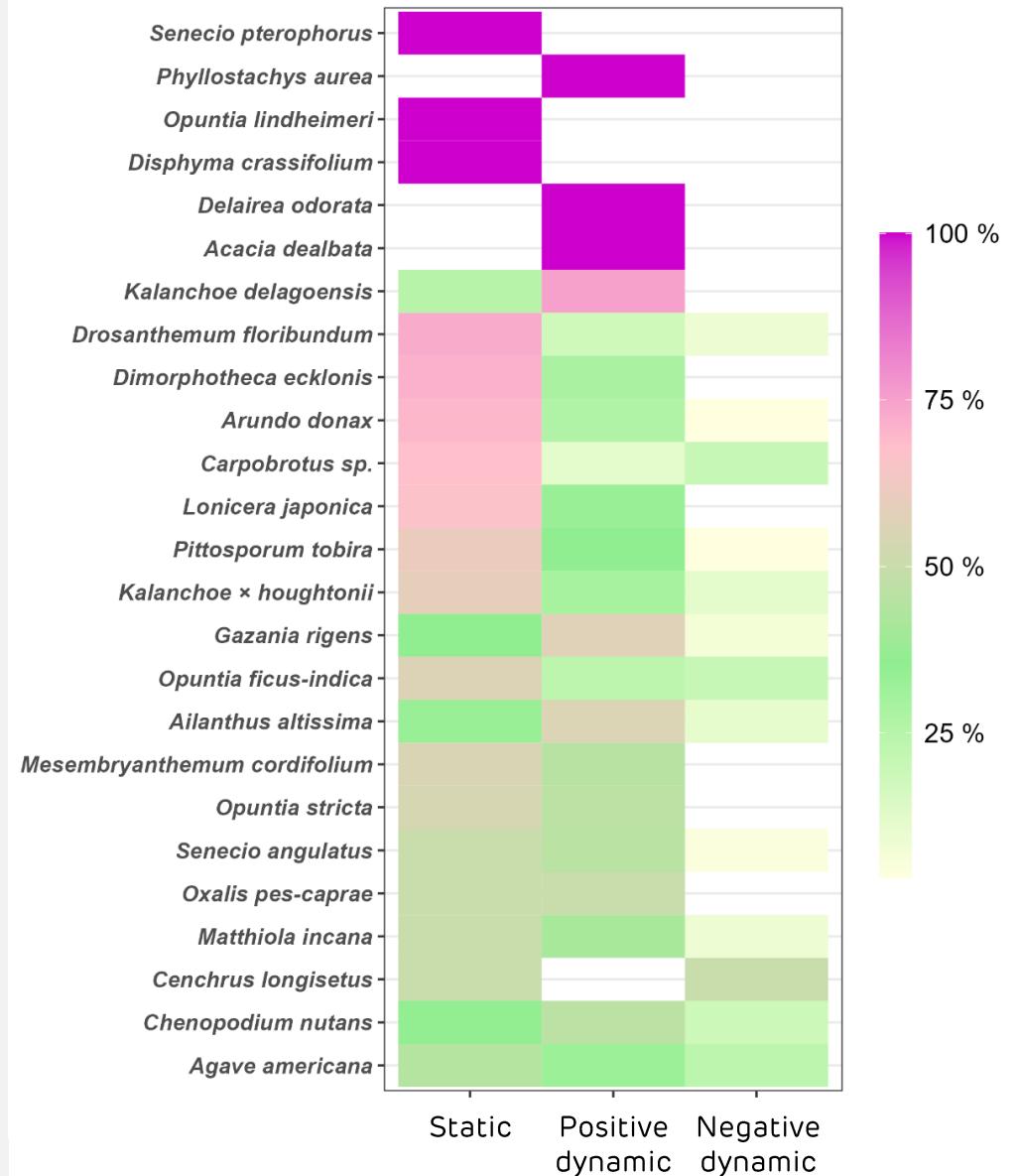
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The most problematic species will be those with high number of positive dynamic transects (with juvenile but not senescent individuals) and static transects (without juvenile nor senescent or with both stages).



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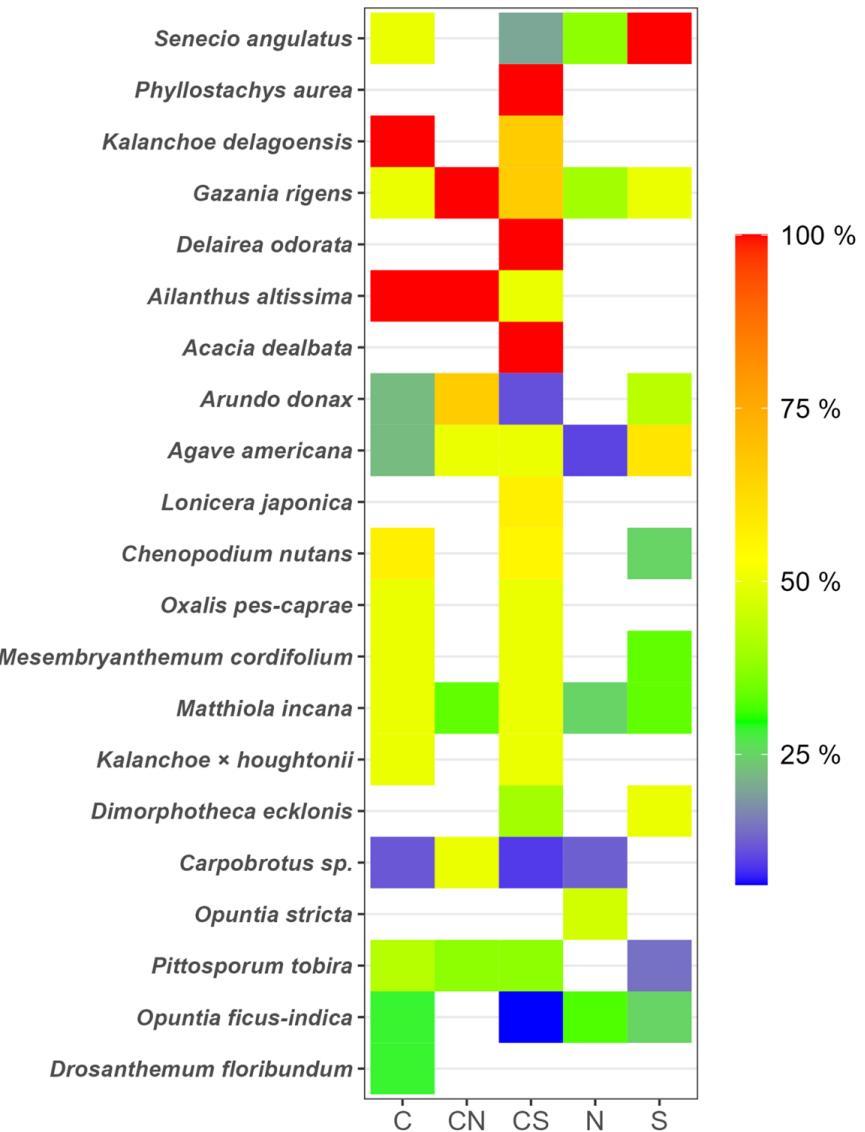
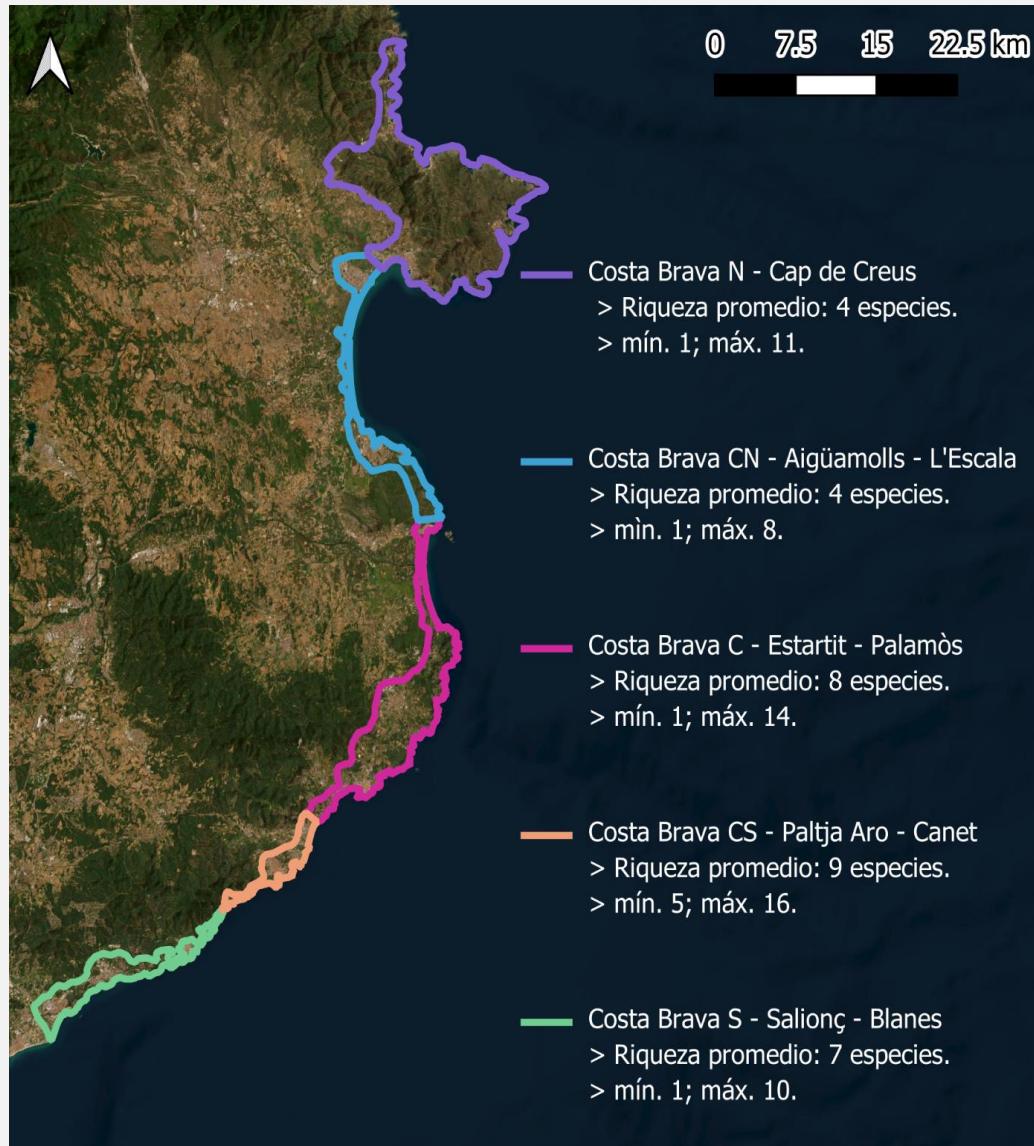
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The most problematic sectors will be those with high species richness and high number of positive dynamic transects (with juvenile but not senescent individuals)



Activities to recruit volunteers and encourage citizens to become observers: **field trips**



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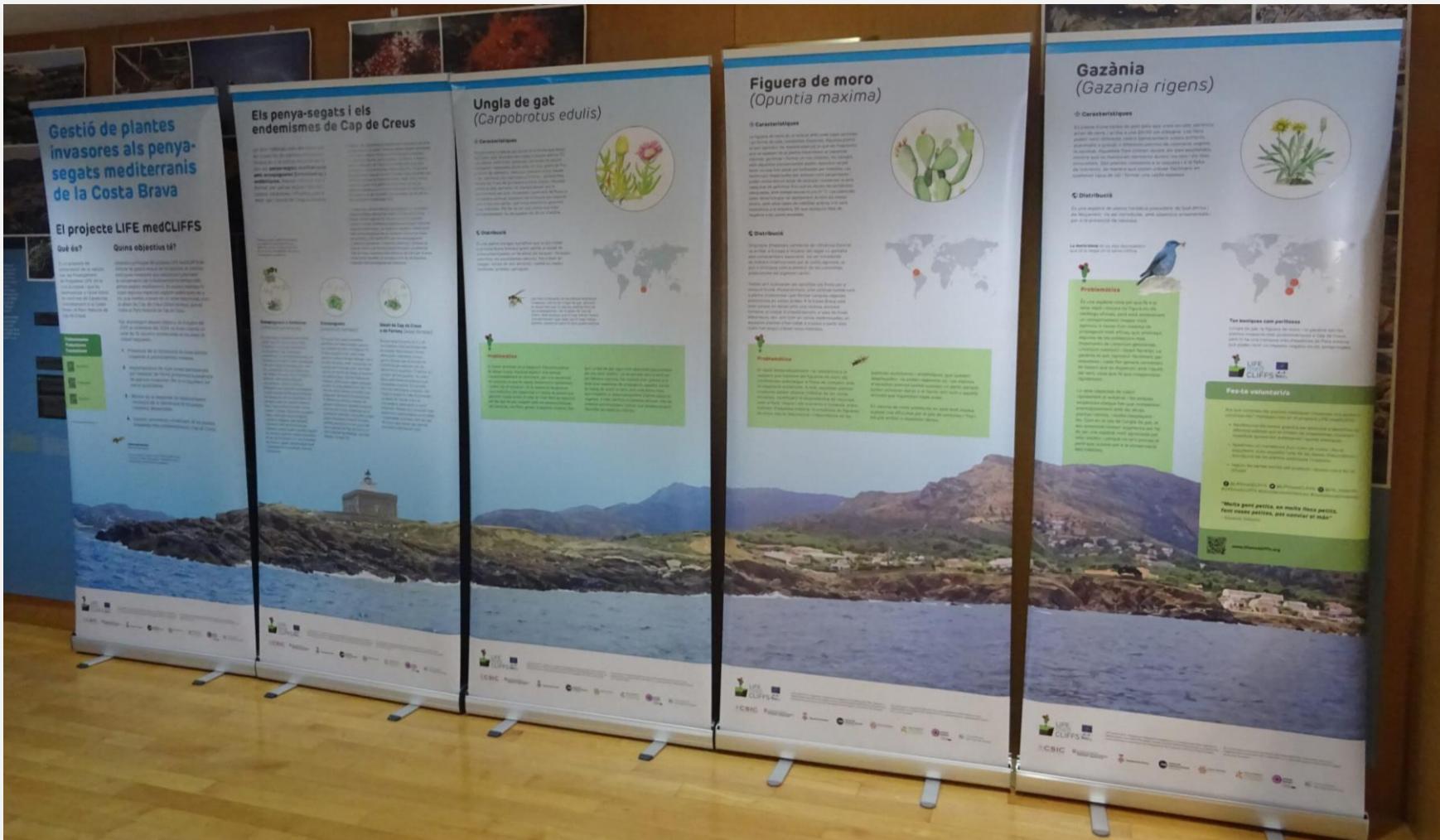
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Activities to recruit volunteers and encourage citizens to become observers : exposition



Activities to recruit volunteers and encourage citizens to become observers: leaflets

What are invasive plants?

- Invasive plants originate from other parts of the world.
- They spread very efficiently.
- They can grow in a wide range of conditions.
- They have often been introduced as a result of human activity.
- They have a negative impact on the environment.



Prickly pear cactus
Opuntia ficus-indica



Gazania
Gazania rigens



Ice plant
Carpobrotus spp.

How do invasive plants affect Mediterranean cliffs?

Invasive plants spread easily and limit the survival of the native cliff flora.

Some native plants are unique in the world and are currently threatened, unable to compete with invasives.

The negative impact on native flora also affects insects, birds and other cliff-dwelling organisms.

In addition, invasive plants make the landscape extremely uniform.

Invasive plants cause a severe loss of biodiversity and alter the functioning of Mediterranean cliffs.

Landscapes colonised by invasive plants lose social, cultural and economic value.



LIFE medCLIFFS is a nature conservation project

aimed at improving the management of invasive plants in the habitat of community interest 1240 - Vegetated sea cliffs of the Mediterranean coasts with endemic *Limonium spp.*, through:

Prevention

- Consensus list
- Watch list
- White list
- Code of conduct for managing potentially invasive ornamental species and quality label
- Promoting updates to the legal framework

Early detection - citizen science

- Local Observers Network to detect where invasive plants grow
- Expert Volunteers Network to monitor the evolution of invasive flora in priority areas

Rapid response

- Development of an invasion risk assessment system
- Invasion risk maps for 30 invasive and potentially invasive species on the Costa Brava

Eradication

- Control of invasive plants in the Cap de Creus CLIFFS using new and adapted protocols
- Coordinated strategy for private gardens



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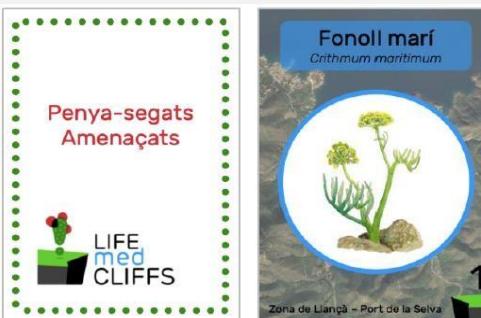
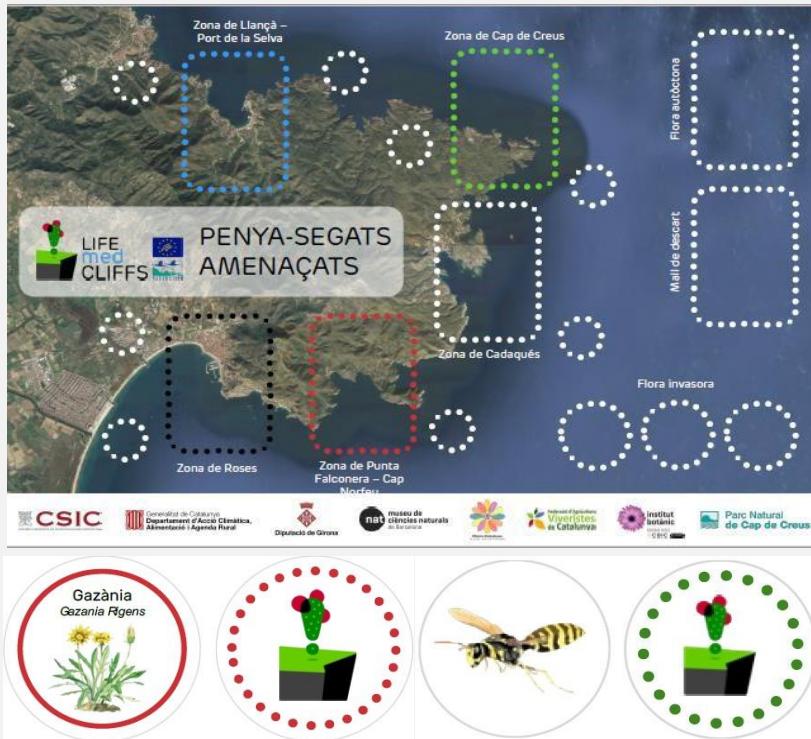
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Activities to recruit volunteers and encourage citizens to become observers: [informative videos](#)



Activities to recruit volunteers and encourage citizens to become observers : collaborative games



First annual meeting of volunteers – 21 October 2023





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